What are Habits?

- A routine.
- Habits are engrained <u>'you don't know you are doing it.'</u>
- Habits could be good or bad.
- Breaking bad habits....
- Something that can be imposed on you.
- Learned behaviours.
- Repetitive behaviours and actions.
- Doing what you want to do.
- Habit of communicating with people.
- Not thinking about it.
- Feeling comfortable doing it i.e. smoking and drinking coffee.

Stephen Covey Explains Habits as follows:

- Habits drive our actions and behaviours
- These habits, actions or behaviours can be learned and unlearned.
- Habits contribute to who you are as a character and your behaviour.
- We must stop and reflect on our habits and be aware of them and where possible look to change them.

Stephen Covey furthermore describes Proactive and Reactive behaviours:

Proactive behaviours:

Responsible for our own lives.

Work to change things within their control.

Positive energy exerted.

Increasing their circle of influence.

Negative behaviours:

The sector of th

PFocus is elsewhere.

Circle of influence becomes smaller.

7 Habits of Highly Effective People		
1.	Be Proactive	 Take Control of your life. You have the ability to influence. Using your initiative. Creating positive energy.
2.	Begin with an end in mind	Know what you want to accomplish in life.Have clear goals.Have ambitions.
3.	Put first things first	Clearly define your priorities.Work through each priority at a time.
4.	Think win/win	 Look out of agreements that are mutually beneficial to you and the opposition. Make gains.
5.	Seek first to understand, then be understood	 Listen with empathy. Diagnose and have clear understanding before treating. Make informed decisions.
6.	Synergize	Look out for creativity.New opportunities.
7.	Sharpen the saw	Take time out to renew yourself.Reflect on yourself.How can you make improvements?
8.	Find your voice and inspire others to find theirs. (A recent addition to the 7 habits.)	Talk out and bring others on board.Being inspirational.

Circle of Influence and concern:

Detailed below is a diagram that represents the various circles that influence behaviours.

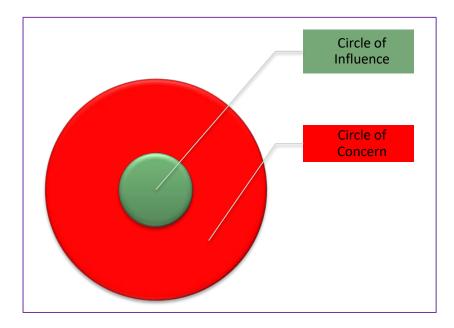


Fig. 1.0 Circle of influence and concern.

Circle of Influence (Things that you have a degree of control over):

- What we say.
- What we think.
- What we do.
- Where we live.
- Our attitudes.
- Our actions.
- Positivity.

Circle of Concern (External factors you have no control over):

- Where you were born.
- Who your parents are.
- Cost of living.
- Government.
- Tax.
- The weather.
- The Trains.